

# CITY OF PORTLAND

## IN THE CITY COUNCIL

City of Portland  
Code of Ordinances  
Sec. 33-1

Minimum Wage  
Chapter 33  
Rev. 1-1-2016

### Chapter 33 MINIMUM WAGE

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#### ARTICLE I. PURPOSE

##### Sec. 33.1. Purpose.

WHEREAS, the City of Portland is a home-rule unit of government under the Maine Constitution and 30-A M.R.S. §3001 and, as such, may exercise any power and perform any function in order to protect health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the City; and

WHEREAS, promoting the welfare of the City’s citizens, its most important asset, and those who work within the City’s borders is an endeavor that plainly meets this criterion; and

WHEREAS, after years of inaction by the United States Congress, it is time for municipalities and states to lift families out of poverty and stimulate the economy by raising the minimum wage; and

WHEREAS, Mayor Michael Brennan created a working group, which included community, labor and business leaders, and tasked them with reviewing the minimum wage issue within the City of Portland; and

WHEREAS, the cost of living in Portland has increased making life here cost, as a percentage of income, as much as is paid by residents of Chicago, Illinois, Sacramento, California and other major United States cities where the minimum wage is much higher; and

WHEREAS, an estimated 20,000 workers in the State of Maine work for minimum wage, and a substantial number of them are among the City of Portland’s more than 65,000 wage and salary earners; and

WHEREAS, The Massachusetts Institute of Technology has calculated that, for a single adult to support him- or herself in Portland at the current minimum wage, he or she would need to work over 50 hours a week; and

WHEREAS, more than 50 percent of Portland public school students are eligible for free lunch, meaning their families have incomes at between 100 percent and 185 percent of the Federal poverty level, which is higher than what a single parent with one child in school would earn with a full-time minimum wage job; and

WHEREAS, rising housing costs, including an increase in the median home price from \$125,200 in 2000 to \$238,400 in 2012, are pushing low wage workers out of the City; and

WHEREAS, the Fair Market Rent in the Portland Area for a two-bedroom apartment is \$1,012, and a full-time worker job would have to earn at least \$19.46 per hour to afford that rent;

WHEREAS, phasing in the wage increase over time will allow businesses to adjust and result in reasonable annual increases in expenses;

WHEREAS, based on the work of the working group (the materials and report of which are incorporated herein by reference) and the aforementioned facts, Mayor Brennan proposed that the minimum wage be increased within the City of Portland;

NOW THEREFORE, to promote the health, safety and welfare of its citizens and pursuant to and consistent with 26 M.R.S. §664, the City Council of the City of Portland, Maine hereby establishes the following minimum wage ordinance applicable to all Employers and Employees within the City of Portland:  
(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016)

#### ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

##### Sec. 33.2. Definitions.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, the following words shall have the following meanings.

*City:* City of Portland.

*City limits:* the physical boundaries of the City.

*Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers ("CPI-U")* means the national, annual average of the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers as reported by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, with the Series identification number of CUUR0000SA0.

*Employer:* Any individual, group of individuals, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or any other entity or group of persons or entities who employs or exercises control over the wages, hours, or working conditions of any Employee and who has a place of business within the City limits. “Employer” shall include but not be limited to the City of Portland.

*Employee:* Any person who performs work for an Employer for monetary compensation within the municipal limits of the City. Employee shall include persons who perform work for an employer on a full-time, part-time, seasonal or temporary basis. Employee shall not include any person who is exempted from the definition of Employee under 26 M.R.S. §663(3) of Chapter 7, Employment Practices.

*Minimum wage:* The minimum hourly rate of monetary compensation that an Employer shall legally pay an Employee for work within the City.

*State Minimum Wage:* The minimum hourly wage established by 26 M.R.S. § 664.

*Service Employee:* Service employee shall have the same meaning as defined in 26 M.R.S. Sec. 663(8), as amended.

*Tip:* A sum presented by a customer in recognition of services performed by one or more Service Employees, including a charge automatically included in the customer’s bill. “Tip” does not include a service charge added to a customer’s bill in a banquet or private club setting by agreement between the customer and the Employer.

(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016; Ord. No. 105-16/17, 12-19-2016; Order 109-21/22, 12-20-2021)

##### Sec. 33.5 - 33-6 Reserved.

#### ARTICLE III. MINIMUM WAGE

##### Section 33.7. Minimum Wage.

- (a) *Minimum wage payment required:* Except as provided herein, Employers shall pay all Employees no less than the Minimum Wage established by this ordinance for each hour worked within the City Limits.

##### (b) Minimum Wage rate:

- (i) Beginning on January 1, 2026, the regular Minimum Wage for all Employees, including, but not limited to, Service Employees, but not including employees of the City of Portland, shall be raised to \$16.75 per hour;
- (ii) Beginning on July 1, 2026, the regular Minimum Wage for employees of the City of Portland shall be raised to \$16.75 per hour;
- (iii) Beginning on January 1, 2027, the regular Minimum Wage for all Employees, including, but not limited to, Service Employees, shall be raised to \$17.75 per hour; and
- (iv) Beginning on January 1, 2028, the regular Minimum Wage for all Employees, including, but not limited to, Service Employees, shall be raised to \$19.00 per hour; and
- (v) On January 1, 2029 and each January 1st thereafter, the minimum hourly wage then in effect must be increased by the increase, if any, in the cost of living. The increase in the cost of living must be measured by the percentage increase, if any, as of August of the previous year over the level as of August of the year preceding that year in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, CPI-U, for the Northeast Region, or its successor index, as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics or its successor agency, with the amount of the minimum wage increase rounded to the nearest multiple of 5¢. If the state minimum wage established by 26 M.R.S. § 664 is increased in excess of the minimum wage in effect under this ordinance, the minimum wage under this ordinance is increased to the same amount, effective on the same date as the increase in the state minimum wage, and must be increased in accordance with this ordinance thereafter

##### (c) Tip Credit:

- (i) An Employer may consider tips as part of the wages of a Service Employee toward satisfaction of the Minimum Wage established by this ordinance, in accordance with 26 M.R.S. §664(2) and until such time as the tip credit is eliminated under state law. Such a tip credit shall be no greater than half the Minimum Wage rate established by this ordinance.
- (ii) An Employer who elects to use the tip credit, until it is eliminated under state law, must inform the affected employee in advance and must be able to show that the employee receives at least the Minimum Wage established by this ordinance when direct wages and the tip credit are combined. Upon a satisfactory showing by the employee or the employee's representative that the actual tips received were less than the tip credit, the employer shall increase the direct wages by the difference.
- (iii) The tips received by a Service Employee become the property of the employee and may not be shared with the employer. Tips that are automatically included in the customer's bill or that are charged to a credit card must be treated like tips given to the Service Employee. A tip that is charged to a credit card must be paid by the employer to the employee by the next regular payday and may not be held while the employer is awaiting reimbursement from a credit card company.
- (iv) This section may not be construed to prohibit an employer from establishing a valid tip pooling arrangement among service employees that is consistent with the federal Fair Labor Standards Act and regulations made pursuant to that Act.
- (v) The meaning of the language used in this section shall be interpreted consistently with the interpretation of the language of 26 M.R.S. §663 and 26 M.R.S. §664.

##### (d) Overtime.

- (i) The Minimum Wage set out in this ordinance is subject to the overtime compensation provisions in 26 M.R.S. §664(3).
- (e) Collective Bargaining Agreements.
- (i) Nothing in this ordinance shall be deemed to interfere with, impede, or in any way diminish the right of all Employees including, but not limited to, Service Employees to bargain collectively with their Employers in order to establish wages or other conditions of work in excess of the applicable minimum standards of this ordinance.
- (f) Retaliation Prohibited.
- (i) It shall be unlawful for any Employer to discriminate in any manner or take any adverse action against any Employee including, but not limited to a Service Employee in retaliation for exercising any right under this ordinance.

- (g) *Effect of Emergency Proclamation.* For work performed during a declared emergency, the effective Minimum Wage rate established by this ordinance shall be calculated as 1.5 times the regular minimum wage rate under subsection (b) above. A declared emergency under this ordinance shall include the period of time during which:

- (i) A proclamation issued pursuant to Chapter 2, Sec. 2-406, of this code declares an emergency to exist, if such emergency proclamation is geographically applicable to the Employee's workplace.

A declared emergency under this ordinance shall not apply to work performed under a teleworking arrangement, as defined under 5. U.S.C. § 6501, allowing the Employee to work from home.

(Ord. No. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016; Ord. No. 105-16/17, 12-19-2016; By Referendum, 11-3-2020; Ord. No. 35-24/25 by Referendum 11-5-2024; By Referendum 11-4-2025, Effective 1-1-2026)

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\*Note: The amendments set forth by Referendum dated 11-4-2025 are effective as of January 1, 2026. Notwithstanding the limitation on the repeal or amendment of ordinances set forth in Portland City Code Chapter 9 Section 9-46, the City Council may, without a vote of the people, amend or repeal the ordinance set forth below at any time.  
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#### ARTICLE IV. NOTICE, POSTING AND RECORDS

##### Sec. 33.8. Notice, Posting and Records.

- (a) Notice to Employees. Every employer shall post in a conspicuous place at any workplace or job site where any Employee works, a notice informing Employees of the City’s current Minimum Wage rates, as well as a copy of this ordinance.
- (b) Records. Employers shall maintain payroll records showing hours worked daily by and the wages paid to all Employees, including, but not limited to, Service Employees. Employers shall retain such payroll records pertaining to all Employees for a period of at least three (3) years after an Employee has left employment.
- (c) Access. The City shall have access to any and all Employer payroll records subject to this ordinance during business hours to investigate whether or not an Employer has violated any of the provisions of this chapter.
- (d) Paycheck Notice. Every Employer shall provide with the first paycheck issued to an Employee, including a Service Employee, a notice advising the Employee of the current Minimum Wage under this ordinance and of the Employee’s rights under this ordinance.

(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016)

#### ARTICLE V. ENFORCEMENT AND VIOLATIONS

##### Sec. 33.9. Enforcement and Violations.

- (a) Enforcement.
- (i) The City Manager or his/her designee shall enforce the provisions of this ordinance.
- (ii) The City Manager is authorized to adopt rules and regulations for the proper administration and enforcement of this ordinance.
- (b) Complaint Process.
- (i) Any Employee, including, but not limited to, a Service Employee, receiving less than the Minimum Wage he or she is required to receive under this ordinance may file a written complaint with the City Manager’s office.
- (ii) The City Manager or his or her designee may investigate and issue a response to the complaint within fifteen (15) work days following the receipt of a complaint. The City Manager’s or his or her designee’s response to the complaint shall be final.
- (iii) If the City Manager finds that a violation of this chapter has occurred, they may order any and all appropriate relief including, but not limited to, the payment of any back wages withheld and/or the payment of not less than \$100.00 as a penalty for each day that a violation of this chapter has occurred, per Employee. A violation of this Ordinance may also be considered a civil violation subject to the general penalty provisions of section 1-15 of this Code.
- (c) Private Cause of Action.
- (i) Any Employee, including, but not limited to, a Service Employee, the City or any person aggrieved by a violation of this ordinance may bring an action in a Court of competent jurisdiction against the Employer for any and all violations of this ordinance, including, but not limited to, wages owed under this ordinance. Upon a judgment being rendered in favor of any employee(s), in any action brought pursuant to this ordinance, such judgment shall include, in addition to the wages adjudged to be due and any penalties assessed, any and all costs of suit including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees.

(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016, By Referendum 11-4-25, Effective 1-1-2026)

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\*Note: The amendments set forth by Referendum dated 11-4-2025 are effective as of January 1, 2026. Notwithstanding the limitation on the repeal or amendment of ordinances set forth in Portland City Code

Chapter 9 Section 9-46, the City Council may, without a vote of the people, amend or repeal the ordinance set forth below at any time.  
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#### ARTICLE VI. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER REQUIREMENTS

##### Sec. 33.10. Relationship To Other Requirements.

This ordinance provides for payment of Minimum Wage rates within the City and shall not be construed to preempt or otherwise limit or affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement or policy, including any that provides for payment of higher wages and/or benefits. Nothing contained in this ordinance prohibits an employer from paying more than the Minimum Wage rates established herein.  
(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016)

#### ARTICLE VII. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

##### Sec. 33.11. Severability Clause.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, word or phrase of this ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid or unenforceable by any court, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this ordinance.  
(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016)

#### ARTICLE VIII. EFFECTIVE DATE

##### Sec. 33.12. Effective Date.

This ordinance shall take effect on January 1, 2016.  
(Ord. 297-14/15, 9-9-2015, Effective 1-1-2016)